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Patient Name:**Special Instructions:****Follow Up:**

Colonoscopy

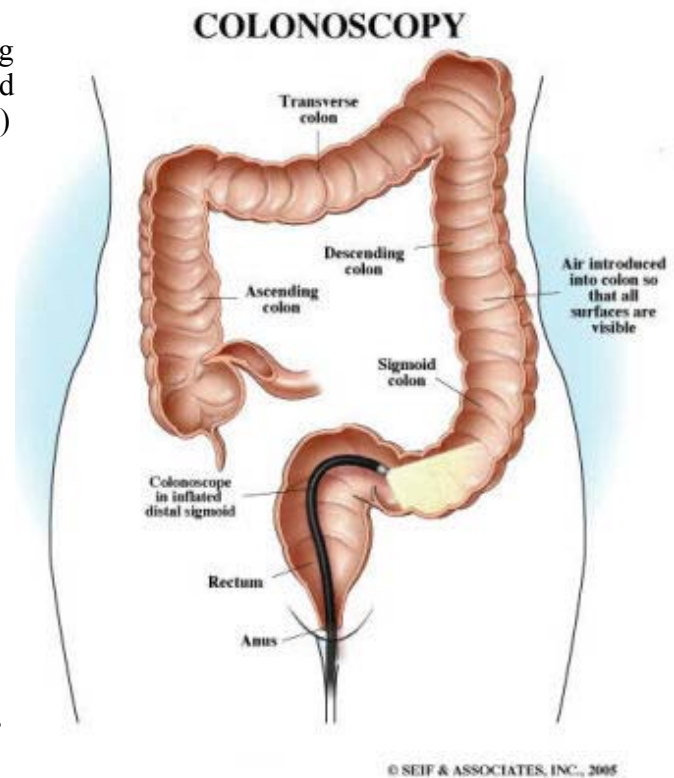
A colonoscopy is an exam to evaluate your entire colon. In this exam, your colon is cleansed. A long fiberoptic tube is inserted through your rectum and into your colon. The fiberoptic scope (*endoscope*) is a long bundle of enclosed and very flexible fibers. These fibers transmit light to the area examined and send images from that area to your caregiver. Discomfort is usually minimal. You may be given a drug to help you sleep (*sedative*) during or prior to the procedure. This exam helps to detect lumps (*tumors*), polyps, inflammation, and areas of bleeding. Your caregiver may also take a small piece of tissue (*biopsy*) that will be examined under a microscope.

LET YOUR CAREGIVER KNOW ABOUT:

- Allergies to food or medicine.
- Medicines taken, including vitamins, herbs, eyedrops, over-the-counter medicines, and creams.
- Use of steroids (by mouth or creams).
- Previous problems with anesthetics or numbing medicines.
- History of bleeding problems or blood clots.
- Previous surgery.
- Other health problems, including diabetes and kidney problems.
- Possibility of pregnancy, if this applies.

BEFORE THE PROCEDURE

- A clear liquid diet may be required for 2 days before the exam.
- Ask your caregiver about changing or stopping your regular medications.
- Liquid injections (*enemas*) or laxatives may be required.



- A large amount of electrolyte solution may be given to you to drink over a short period of time. This solution is used to clean out your colon.
- You should be present 60 minutes prior to your procedure or as directed by your caregiver.

AFTER THE PROCEDURE

- If you received a sedative or pain relieving medication, you will need to arrange for someone to drive you home.
- Occasionally, there is a little blood passed with the first bowel movement. **Do not** be concerned.

FINDING OUT THE RESULTS OF YOUR TEST

Not all test results are available during your visit. If your test results are not back during the visit, make an appointment with your caregiver to find out the results. Do not assume everything is normal if you have not heard from your caregiver or the medical facility. It is important for you to follow up on all of your test results.

HOME CARE INSTRUCTIONS

- It is not unusual to pass moderate amounts of gas and experience mild abdominal cramping following the procedure. This is due to air being used to inflate your colon during the exam. Walking or a warm pack on your belly (*abdomen*) may help.
- You may resume all normal meals and activities after sedatives and medicines have worn off.
- Only take over-the-counter or prescription medicines for pain, discomfort, or fever as directed by your caregiver. **Do not** use aspirin or blood thinners if a biopsy was taken. Consult your caregiver for medicine usage if biopsies were taken.

SEEK IMMEDIATE MEDICAL CARE IF:

- You have a fever.
- You pass large blood clots or fill a toilet with blood following the procedure. This may also occur 10 to 14 days following the procedure. This is more likely if a biopsy was taken.
- You develop abdominal pain that keeps getting worse and cannot be relieved with medicine.

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